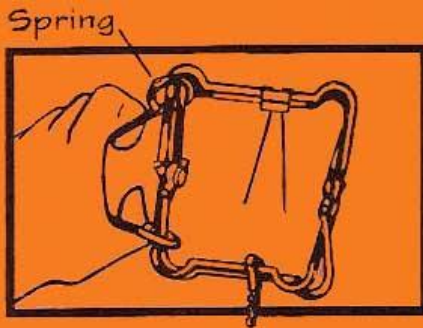
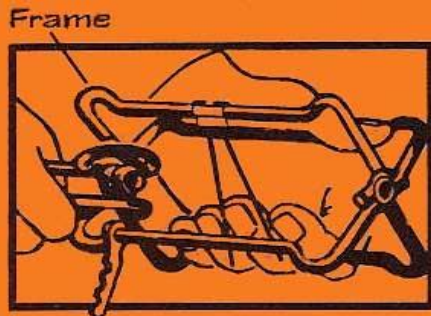


Oneida Victor® Northwoods® Conibear® Wildlife Trap Setting Instructions

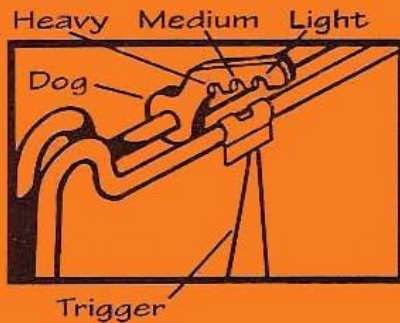
**#110 & #110-2  
Conibear  
Wildlife  
Traps**



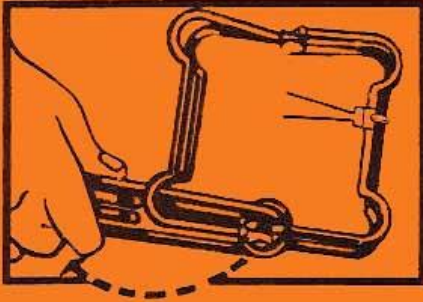
-----  
Extend spring so it is pointed directly away from the trap. Then grip and compress the spring.



Keeping spring compressed, pull trap frames together with other hand. If a Conibear Safety Gripper is available, set it over the jaws to hold them in place.



Position trigger and dog at desired location along frame and then set trigger in preferred notch of dog.



Be sure trigger is secure within notch of dog. Then grip compressed spring and release frames slowly. Release the Conibear Safety Gripper if one is being used. Trap is now ready for use. Spring can be swung to side if necessary for desirable setting position.

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## #120-2, #126-2 & #160-2 Conibear Wildlife Traps



Safety Hook



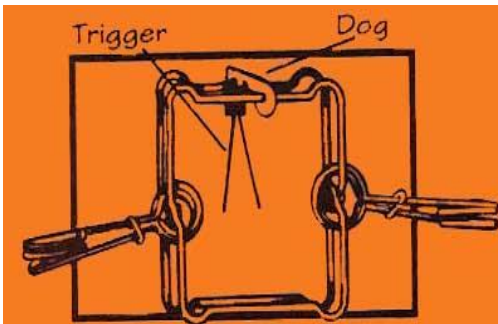
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Extend both springs so they point directly away from trap. Grip and compress either spring. Set safety hook to keep spring compressed. Repeat for second spring.

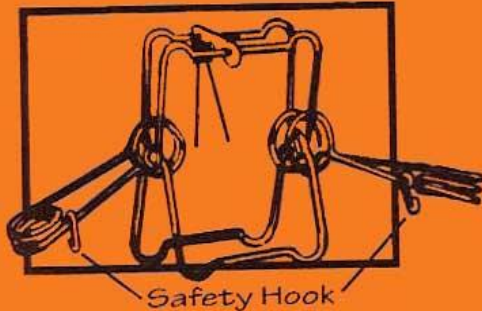
Frame



Center springs over hinge and pull frames together with one hand. Keep them together with a Conibear Safety Gripper if one is available.

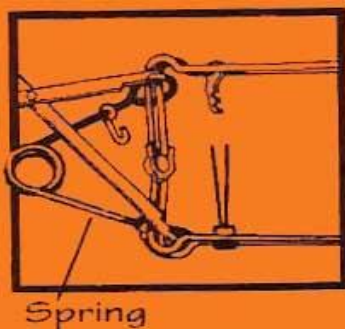


Position trigger and dog at desired location along frame and then set trigger in preferred notch of dog.

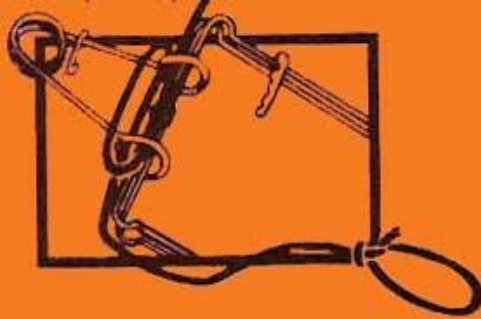


Be sure trigger is secure within notch of dog. Place trap in desired location. Then, keeping hands clear of trap frames, slowly release each safety hook and slide to coiled ends of spring. Release Conibear Safety Gripper if one is being used. Trap is now ready fo use.

## #220-2, #280-2 & #330-2 Conibear Wildlife Traps



Extend both springs so they point directly away from trap. Hook notched ends of Oneida Victor #0965 trap setting tool over the eyes of either spring and compress. Set safety hook to keep spring compressed. Repeat for second spring. Then proceed as for #120-2 & #160-2 Conibear wildlife traps.



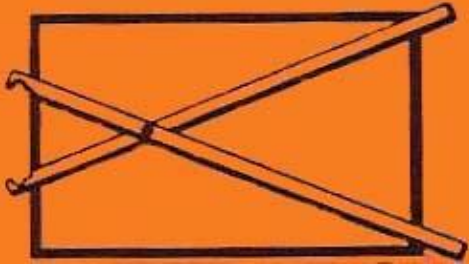
If a trap tool is not available, an 8 foot section of 1/4 inch rope can be used as shown. Tie a loop in one end of the rope and thread the other end through the spring eyes.



Safety Hook

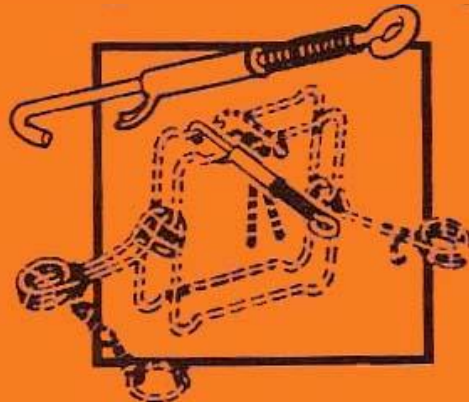
Place foot through the loop and pull the other end of the rope to compress springs. Then proceed as for #120-2 & #160-2 Conibear wildlife traps.

### Accessories to Help You Set Conibear Traps



#### Trap Setting Tool

This handy 20" tool lets you apply strong leverage to compress the springs on Conobear and long-spring traps of all sizes. This tool is a good time-saver.



#### Conibear Safety Gripper

This safety gripper lets you make Conobear sets easily and safely, even difficult underwater sets. If the trap is inadvertently triggered, the Conibear Safety Gripper grabs and holds the jaws.

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## Oneida Victor® Soft Catch® Wildlife Trap Setting Instructions

1. All land traps should be staked with the factor chain. A lap link may be added to facilitate staking. Do not add extra chain, except for use with a drag or grapple.

2. Traps should be set in such a manner that large sticks, limbs and brush will not interfere with the animal's movement in the trap.

3. Traps may be dyed and waxed, but the Oneida Victor Soft Catch should be waxed with the jaws closed to allow the soft pads to work properly. Flex pad with thumb to remove wax as some types of wax may act as a lubricant.

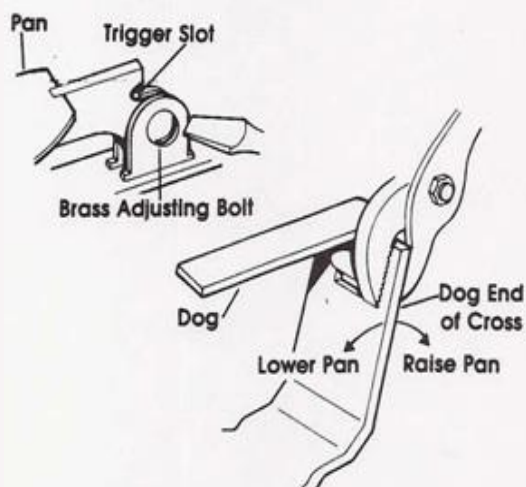
4. Pan bolts must be tightened so the pan will hold its own weight and not fall without being depressed (or 1 lb. weight). End of dog should engage trigger. For best results, pan must be level or slightly above the level of the jaws in the set position.

7. In frozen soil, mix a tablespoon of calcium chloride with the dirt to prevent freezing. (Calcium chloride has no odor for the animal to detect and may be reduced to powder in a blender if it is done a cup at a time. However, trap must be waxed to prevent rusting which could cause the animal to detect the trap.)

8. A cone shaped trap bed will facilitate trap bedding.

Note:

In most cases, sprung traps are a result of improper pan adjustment or improper bedding. Also, if the pan isn't adjusted, an animal can be caught off the pads on the jaw stops and possibly injured.

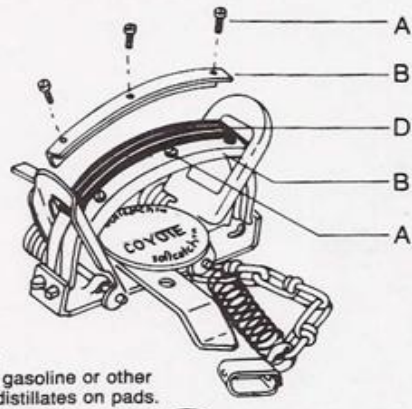


### Pad Replacement

To replace pads (a) unscrew three screws and remove protective cover. (b) depress springs with feet and open jaws, (c) remove old pads. (d) replace with new pads. Place one hand around a jaw with the palm side of your hand against the face of the pad and squeeze hard as you re-attach the cover with the three screws. Then repeat with the other jaw. This keeps the pad held securely under the cover so when the trap is in sprung position, the pads should just touch, or have a very slight space between them. Do not force the cover screws down too tight, just tight enough to secure the cover over the pad so when you push down on the edge of the pad away from the edge of the cover, it will be secure and not pull out. Do not over-tighten.

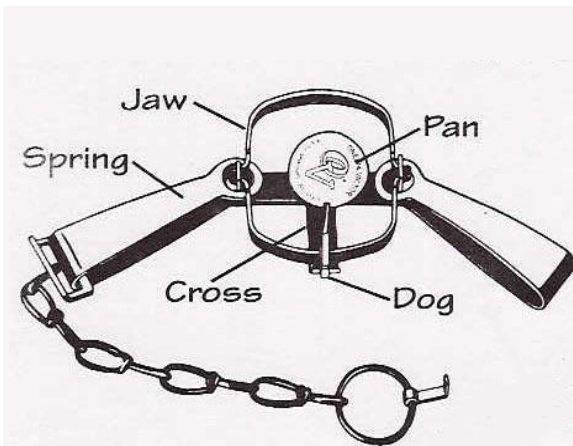
5. Stake chain outside of trap on loose jaw side to right or left of cross to facilitate bedding spring-in-chain.

6. When setting trap, do not force dog over edge of pad to push down as this tends to roll pad edge under the dog. Depress springs, push jaws down, flip dog over jaw so it pushes down flat on pad. Otherwise trap may fire prematurely.



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### Oneida Victor® Trap Pan Adjustment Setting Instructions



For fox, coyote, coon and similar weight animals:

On coil spring traps, the adjusting bolt on the pan shank may be tightened to eliminate the chance of capturing smaller animals.

Tighten the pan bolt (turn bolt in completely, then back out) to lightly hold 6" pliers (approximately one pound). Place the tip of the dog in the trigger slot just enough to catch the tip.

For water trapping with uncovered traps:

Set pan slightly higher than jaws to catch swimming animals.

Pan should be level with jaws for a land set trap door effect. Raise or lower the pan by bending the dog-end of the cross.

